## Worked Solutions

Pure Maths, Differential Calculus,

sheet PM\_DIF\_EF\_01

## Exponential Functions Q.2

differentiate the function 
$$y = e^{x^3}$$

The **Chain Rule** is used when differentiating a 'composite function', which is described as a function of another function.

The derivatives of the functions are linked by the equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

for  $y = e^{x^3}$ 

let *u* be the inner function:  $u = x^3$ 

the outer function is:  $y = e^{u}$ 

taking derivatives with respect to u and y respectively,

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3x^2$$
 and  $\frac{dy}{du} = e^u$ 

substituting these results into the Chain Rule equation,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^u \cdot 3x^2$$

substituting for  $u = x^3$ ,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x^3} \cdot 3x^2$$

simplifying,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 e^{x^3}$$